

**We claim:**

1. A method of operating a memory management system for processing data files, said system comprising an access flow regulator, a plurality of high speed low storage capacity memories and a lower speed high storage capacity bulk memory, said high speed memories have a first data rate, said bulk memory has a second data rate substantially lower than said first data rate, said method comprises the steps of:
  - 5 operating said access flow regulator for generating requests for the reading and writing of said memories;
  - 10 initiating the writing of a data file by transmitting a write request from said access flow regulator to one of said high speed memories, said data file has a first portion and an excess portion;
  - 15 writing said first part and said excess portion of said data file into said one high speed memory; and
  - transferring said excess portion of said data file from said one high speed memory to said bulk memory while leaving said first portion of said data file in said one high speed memory.
2. A method of operating a memory management system for processing data files, said system comprising an access flow regulator, a plurality of high speed low storage capacity memories and a lower speed high storage capacity bulk memory, said high speed memories have a first data rate, said bulk memory has a second data rate substantially lower than said first data rate, said method comprises the steps of:
  - 20 operating said access flow regulator for generating requests for the reading and writing of said memories;
  - 25 initiating the reading of a data file by transmitting a write request from said access flow regulator to one of said high speed memories, said data file has a first portion and an excess portion;
  - transmitting a read request for a data file from said access flow regulator to a one high speed memory storing a first part of said data file;
  - 30 reading said first portion of said data file from said one high speed memory;
  - transferring said excess portion of said data file from said bulk memory to said one high speed memory;

reading out said excess portion of said data file from said one high speed memory; and

transmitting said first part and said excess portion said data file to said access flow regulator.

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3. The method of claim 1 further including the step of operating said system to concurrently processes data files for a plurality of requests from said access flow regulator.

10 4. The method of claim 1 further including the step of operating said system to concurrently process a plurality of data files stored in different ones of said high speed memories.

15 5. The method of claim 1 wherein said system further comprises a plurality of state controllers each of which is individual to one of said high speed memories, said system further comprises an access bus connecting said access flow regulator with said state controllers, said step of transmitting a write request includes the steps of:

operating said access flow regulator to select an idle high speed memory that is to receive said write request;

20 transmitting said write request from said access flow regulator over said request bus to the state controller individual to said selected high speed memory; and

operating said state controller to extend said write request to the high speed memory.

25 6. The method of claim 5 wherein said step of operating said state controller to transmit said write request includes the steps of:

determining the present occupancy level of said selected high speed memory;

transmitting said request to said selected high speed memory if said present occupancy is not exceeded; and

30 requesting a signalwise connection of said access flow regulator to said bulk memory if said present occupancy level of said selected high speed memory is exceeded.

7 The method of claim 5 wherein said system further includes a multiplexer, and an access bus connecting said state controllers with said multiplexer, and said system further includes a bus connecting said multiplexer with said bulk memory, said method includes the further steps of:

5 transmitting a request to said multiplexer for the transfer of data files from said state controllers to said bulk memory;

determining which one of a plurality of requesting state controllers is to be granted access to said bulk memory;

connecting signalwise said one requesting state controller to said bulk memory;

10 and

controlling the operation of said bulk memory in the transfer of data from said selected high speed memory to said bulk memory.

8. The method of claim 7 including the further step of applying said data file from  
15 said high speed memory and said state controller via said multiplexer and said bus to  
said bulk memory.

9. The method of claim 2 wherein said step of transferring said data file from said  
bulk memory includes the steps of:

20 reading out files from said bulk memory to said high speed memories in a burst  
mode at a data rate substantially equal to the data rate of said high speed memories;  
storing said read out files in said high speed memories; and  
reading out said data file from said high speed memory for transfer to said  
access flow regulator.

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10. The method of claim 5 wherein said step of operating said state controllers to  
transmit said write request includes the further steps of:

concurrently serving multiple files;

serving the multiple file requests received by said access flow regulator; and

30 extending multiple requests received by said access flow regulator to said high  
speed memories.

11. The method of claim 5 wherein said step of operating said state controller includes the further steps of:

processing each received request to determine the present occupancy level of said high speed memory;

5 extending said request to said high speed memories if said present occupancy level is not exceeded; and

buffering said request in said access flow regulator if said present occupancy level is exceeded.

10 12. The method of claim 5 wherein said step of operating said state controllers includes the further steps of:

controlling the transfer of a data file from said high speed memory to said bulk memory; and

15 controlling the transfer of a data file from said bulk memory to said high speed memories.

13. The method of claim 5 wherein said step of operating said state controllers includes the further steps of:

determining whether said bulk memory is idle when a transfer is requested;

20 extending said data file to said bulk memory if said bulk memory idle; and buffering said transfer request if said bulk memory is busy.

14. The method of claim 7 wherein said step of operating said multiplexer includes the further steps of:

25 determining which one of a plurality of requesting high speed memories is to be granted access to said bulk memory;

granting the request to one of said high speed memories; and

buffering the requests of all but said one high speed memories.

30 15. The method of claim 7 wherein said step of operating said multiplexer includes the further steps of:

determining the identity to the one of said high speed memories to which a data file is to be directed by said multiplexer; and

controlling the transfer of said data file from said bulk memory to said identified high speed memory.

16. A method of operating the memory management system of claim 1, said method  
5 comprising the further steps of:

generating a signal unique to each said high speed memory indicating the busy / idle state of each said high speed memory;

extending each generated signal to said access flow regulator;

operating said access flow regulator to receive requests for the writing or reading  
10 of files by said memories;

operating said access flow regulator in response to the receipt of said request to read said busy / idle signals;

operating said access flow regulator in response to said reading to identify an idle one of said memories; and

15 operating said access flow regulator for extending a request for the reading and writing of a data file to said idle one high speed memory.

17. A memory management system adapted to process data files, said system comprises:

20 a plurality of low storage capacity high speed memories and a lower speed high storage capacity bulk memory, said high speed memories have a first data rate and said bulk memory has a second data rate lower than said first data rate;

an access flow regulator for generating requests for the reading and writing of files by said memories;

25 apparatus for operating said access flow regulator to initiate the writing of a data file stored in said memories by transmitting an access read request to the one of said high speed memories;

apparatus for writing a first part and excess part of said data file into said one high speed memory;

30 apparatus for transferring said excess part of said data file from said one high speed memory to said bulk memory while leaving the first part of said data file in said one high speed memory;

apparatus for subsequently transmitting a read request for said data file from said access flow regulator to said one high speed memory;

apparatus for reading said first part in said one high speed memory;

apparatus for transferring said excess part of said data file from said bulk

5 memory to said one high speed memory;

apparatus for reading out said first part and said excess part of said data file from said high speed memory; and

apparatus for transmitting said read out data file to said access flow regulator.

10 18. The system of claim 17 further comprising:

apparatus for generating a signal unique to each high speed memory indicating the busy / idle state of each said high speed memory;

apparatus for extending each said signal to said access flow regulator;

15 apparatus for operating said access flow regulator to receive a request for the writing or reading of data files by said memories;

apparatus for operating said access flow regulator in response to the receipt of said request to read each said busy / idle signal;

apparatus for operating said access flow regulator in response to said reading to determine the current busy / idle state of each of said memories; and

20 apparatus for operating said access flow regulator in response to a determination that one of said memories is currently idle for granting a request for the reading or writing of a data file by said one memory.